

Chapter 5 Judiciary (Civics)

1. What is the role of the judiciary in India.
2. Define the structure of courts in India through a pyramid.
3. Give an example of a dispute between center and state and a dispute between two states.
4. Why is independent judiciary important in democracy?
5. How the appeal system helps to provide justice in India?
6. Differentiate between the criminal law and the civil law.

Chapter 4 Agriculture (Geography)

1. What are economic activities?
2. What do you mean by arable land?
3. What do you mean by an arable land.
4. Describe the different types of farming.
5. Explain the three types of economic activities.
6. What are the conditions necessary for growing rice?
7. Explain the term Agricultural Development.

Chapter 5 Industries (Geography)

1. Explain the classification of industries on the basis of raw materials.
2. What is the difference between joint sector industries and cooperative sector industries?
3. Define manufacturing?
4. What are the factors affecting the location of industries?
5. Which are the most important industrial regions of India.
6. Mention the features of India's Silicon Valley.

Chapter 8 Civilizing the "Native" and educating the nation (History)

1. Who were the Orientalists? What was their way of teaching?
2. Why did officials think that European education was essential in India?
3. Explain in detail about the report of William Adam on local schools.
4. 'After 1854 the Company decided to improve the system of vernacular education.' Explain.
5. Why was Mahatma Gandhi against the colonial education?
6. How was Tagore's thinking on education different from that of Gandhiji?
7. Why Shantiniketan was known as abode of peace?

Chapter 6 Understanding our Criminal Justice System (Civics)

1. What do you mean by cognizable and offence?
2. Explain D.K. Basu's guidelines for arresting a person.
3. What Fundamental rights are guaranteed to every arrested person as per Article 22?
4. Explain the role of judge and police in the criminal justice system.
5. Why do you think there is a rule that confessions made during police custody cannot be used as evidence against the accused?
6. 'Public Prosecutor represents the interests of the state.' Explain.
7. How can a judge take a decision based on a fair trial?