BRAIN INTERNATIONAL SCHOOL

POLITICAL SCIENCE ASSIGNMENT

Class-XI

October, 2018

CHAPTER – FEDERALISM

- O1. Define Federalism.
- Q2. Write four main differences between Indian Federation and American Federation.
- Q3. Why we need a strong centre? Give reasons.

CHAPTER - LOCAL GOVERNMENT

- Q1. In which year 73rd and 74th Amendments were passed?
- Q2. Which amendments have constitutional status to the Local Bodies?
- Q3. Who is called as the Pioneer of Local Government in India?
- Q4. How the Election of Municipalities is held Explain its functions and sources of income.

CHAPTER – CONSTITUTION AS A LIVING DOCUMENT

- Q1. 'Indian Constitution is People's own Constitution'. Comment.
- Q2. Why Indian constitution is called a blend of rigidity and flexibility?
- Q3. Discuss in brief the Procedure of Amendment of the Indian Constitution?
- Q4. Explain any four amendments in Indian Constitution.
- Q5. Write brief note on the following:
 - (a) Keshvanand Bharti Case.
 - (b) Golak Nath Case.

CHAPTER – RIGHTS

- Q1. What do you mean by the Rights?
- Q2. Describe an important element of the right.
- Q3. Distinguish between rights and claims.

CHAPTER – CITIZENSHIP

- Q1. What is citizenship?
- Q2. State two types of citizenship.
- Q3. What is the meaning of term 'Apar-theid'?

- Q4. How citizenship can be acquired?
- Q5. What are the hindrances to good citizenship? Also explain how can they be removed.

CHAPTER – NATIONALISM

- Q1. From which language the word 'Nation' is derived?
- Q2. Write down one definition of nationalism.
- Q3. Mention one distinction between Nation and State.
- Q4. Mention four merits of Nationalism.

CHAPTER – SECULARISM

- Q1. What is Secularism?
- Q2. What is the meaning of Secularism in India?
- Q3. Mention four forces that threaten the growth of Secular State in India.
- Q4. Write down any four Secular provisions made in the Indian Constitution.